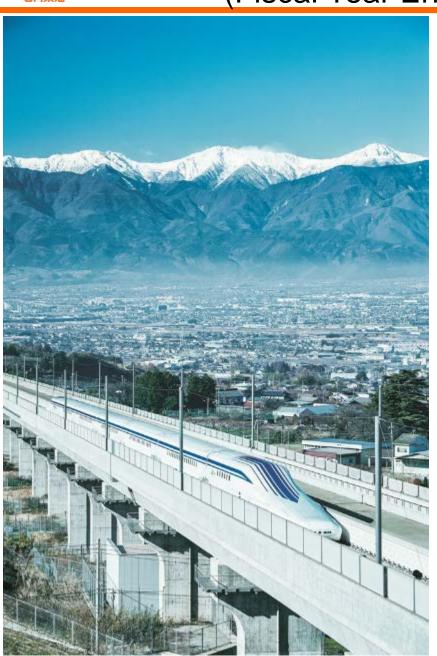


Year-End Investor Meeting FY2019.3 (Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2019)



I. Management Policy and Outlook of Key Measures

President and Representative Director Shin Kaneko

Central Japan Railway Company April 26, 2019 Management philosophy

Contribute to the development of Japan's main transportation artery and social infrastructure

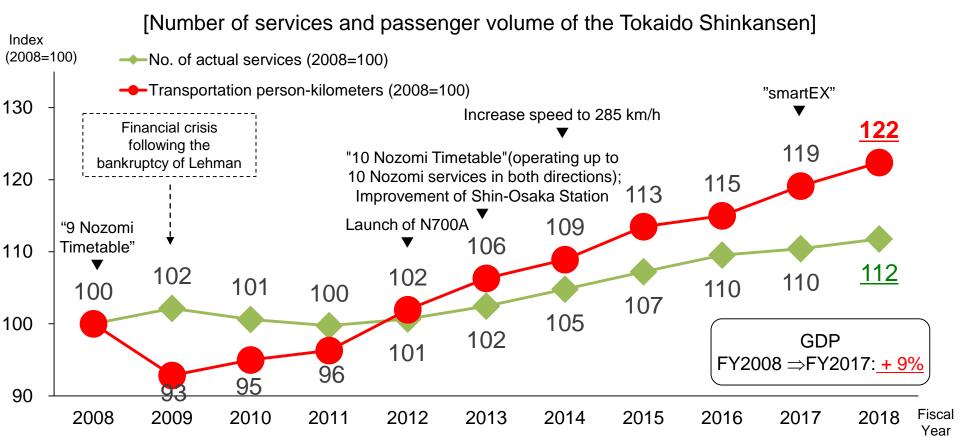
Direction of initiatives

Capability to safely proceed with business activities

Capability to provide even better services

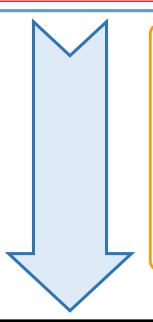
Capability to work efficiently at low cost

Continue to enhance these three capabilities



<< Spring of 2020 "12 Nozomi Timetable">>>

- O Increase the number of services of Nozomi
 - Increase the maximum number of services (one-way) per hour of Nozomi by two to 12.
- O Reduce the travel time of Nozomi
 - All 12 Nozomi trains will travel between <u>Tokyo and Shin-Osaka in no more than 2</u> hours and 30 minutes.



Online reservation and ticketless boarding

- Reservations and changes can be conveniently made from a smartphone or PC free of charge, and without limitation and the need to queue at a station ticket office.
- Ticketless boarding using IC cards for EX Reservation and commuting type IC cards.



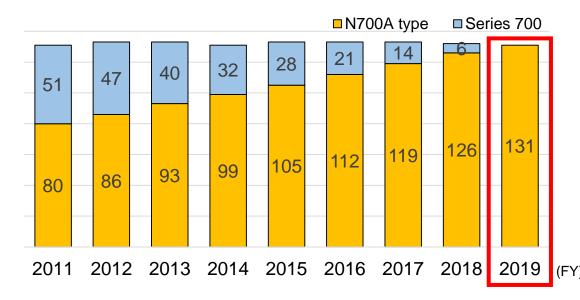


- Extra service for Nozomi during busy hours.
- Reduce customers' travel time by booking on "EX Reservation" or "smartEX" at their convenience for smooth boarding.

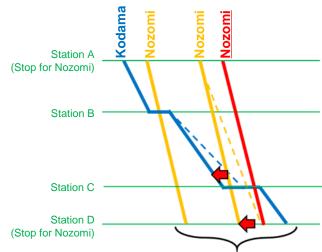
Realize "12 Nozomi Timetable" through Integrated Measures

◆ Unification of models (to the 285 km/h model)

No. of trainsets held at the end of fiscal year



 Effects (conceptual image) of the unified model



The combination of high-speed and high-acceleration trains makes it possible to increase the number of trains by closing gaps between them.

Reduction of turnaround time

- (1) Improvement of ATC brake (Tokyo Station)
 - Renovate vehicle and ground devices to reduce the time they take to stop when arriving at Tokyo Station.
- (2) Improvement of station facilities (Tokyo Station)
 - Improve facilities for station staff to reduce turnaround time.
- (3) Reduction of cleaning time (Tokyo Station, Shin-Osaka Station)
 - Review work items and reduce work time by about 2 minutes.

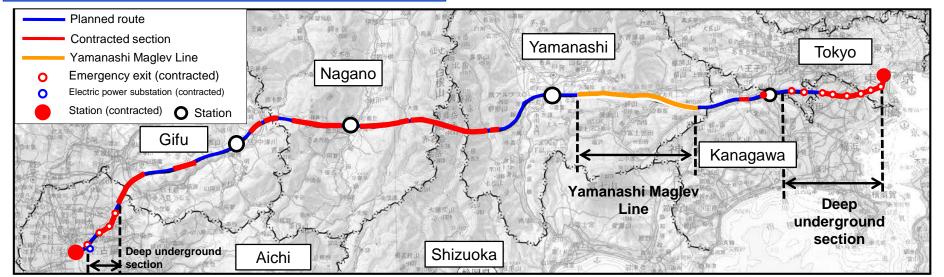
◆ Capital improvement required to increase the number of services

- (1) Improvement of power equipment
 - In preparation for the increase in the number of train services, improve power facilities along the railway to reinforce the power output.
- (2) Improvement of the operation management system
 - Improve the operation management system at the control center, etc. to increase the manageable amount of operation data.

Progress in Chuo Shinkansen Project - 1

Main construction contract areas

(as of March 31, 2019)



* This map is a copy of the 1,000,000:1 scale map of Japan issued by the Geospatial Information Authority of Japan approved by Director General. Authorization number: H25 Jo Fuku, 310



Progress in Chuo Shinkansen Project - 2

Nagoya Station



Shinkansen section: Building of the underground diaphragm walls

Shinagawa Station



Erection of construction beam

Southern Alps
Nagano construction area



Drilling of inclined shaft

Southern Alps Yamanashi construction area

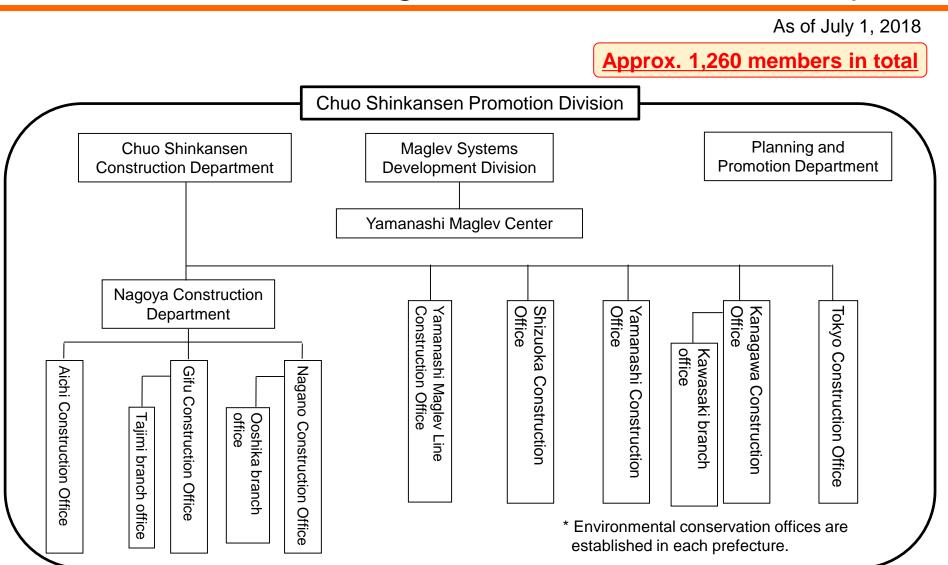


Drilling of main pit



Drilling completed, construction of a frame

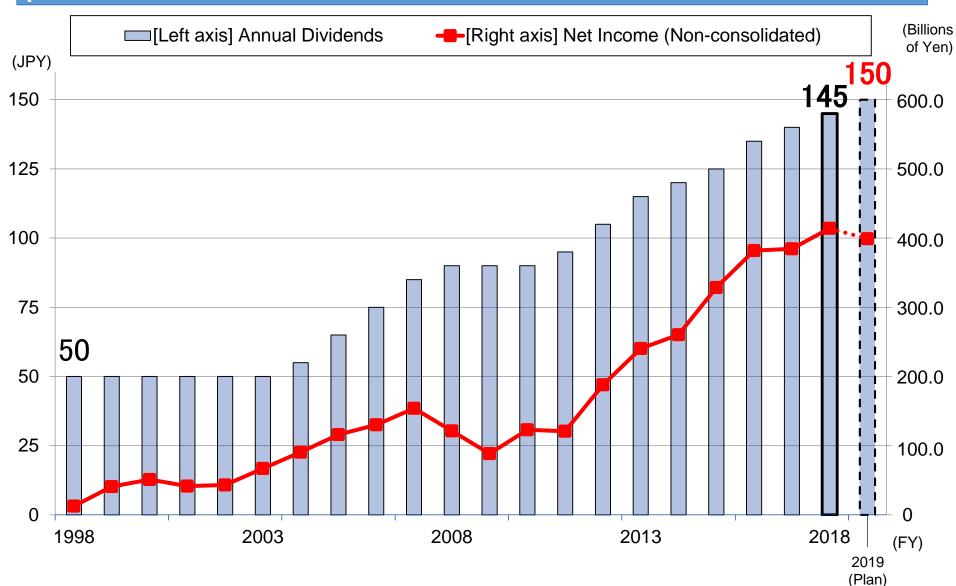
Structure for Promoting the Chuo Shinkansen Project 7



Establish the optimal structure, and do our best to promote the project

Shareholder Returns

Maintain stable dividends even during the Chuo Shinkansen construction period





Year-End Investor Meeting FY2019.3 (Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2019)



II. Summary of Financial Results for FY2019.3

Corporate Officer and
General Manager of
Finance Department
Tatsuhiko Yamada
Central Japan Railway Company
April 26, 2019

Income Statement (Consolidated)

(Billions of Yen)

10

	FY 2018.3 Result A	FY 2019.3 Result B	Changes (B-A)
Operating Revenues	1,822.0	1,878.1	+56.0
Operating Expenses	1,160.0	1,168.3	+8.3
Operating Income	662.0	709.7	+47.7
Non-operating Income (Loss)	-78.4	-77.1	+1.3
Ordinary Income	583.5	632.6	+49.0
Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	395.5	438.7	+43.2

■ Actual long-term debt (Billions of Yen)

	Balance as of	Changes	Excluding the "Chuo"	
	year-end	Onlanges	Balance as of year-end Chang	Changes
Consolidated	4,851.1	-5.0	1,851.1	-5.0
Non- consolidated	4,851.1	-5.0	1,851.1	-5.0

■ Actual capital investment (Billions of Yen)

	Non-		
Consolidated	consolidated	Safety-related investment	Chuo Shinkansen
467.3	448.8	170.1	228.2

		FY 2018.3 Result A	FY 2019.3 Result B	Changes (B-A)
Оре	erating Revenues	1,822.0	1,878.1	+56.0
	Transportation	1,424.0	1,461.3	+37.2
	Merchandise and Other	255.3	264.9	+9.5
	Real Estate	78.0	82.1	+4.1
	Other	261.6	261.0	-0.5
Оре	erating Expenses	1,160.0	1,168.3	+8.3
Оре	erating Income	662.0	709.7	+47.7
	Transportation	623.0	664.8	+41.8
	Merchandise and Other	8.2	9.6	+1.4
	Real Estate	18.5	20.2	+1.7
	Other	13.2	16.1	+2.8

^{*} Breakdown by segment is before offsetting transactions between segments. The total of the figures in the breakdown does not match Operating Revenues and Operating Income.

Statement of Cash Flows (Consolidated)

		FY 2018.3 Result A	FY 2019.3 Result B	Changes (B-A)
Ne	et cash provided by operating activities	609.5	600.3	-9.2
Ne	et cash used in investment activities	-1,676.4	-597.5	+1,078.9
	Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	-306.9	-397.8	-90.8
	Proceeds/payments for money held in trust for the Chuo Shinkansen construction	-1,368.1	170.3	+1,538.5
	Proceeds/payments from funds management	-1.3	-370.0	-368.7
Ne	et cash used in financing activities	1,434.7	-33.6	-1,468.4
	of which, proceeds from long-term debt for the Chuo Shinkansen construction	1,500.0	-	-1,500.0
Net	t increase in cash and cash equivalents	367.8	-30.8	-398.7
Cas	sh and cash equivalents, beginning of year	414.5	782.4	367.8
Cas	sh and cash equivalents, end of year	782.4	751.6	-30.8

Income Statement (Non-consolidated)

		FY 2018.3 Result A	FY 2019.3 Result B	Changes (B-A)
Operating Revenues (Transportation Revenues)		1,427.4 (1,358.3)	1,464.8 (1,396.6)	+37.4 (+38.3)
Ор	erating Expenses	802.1	797.1	-5.0
	Personnel Expenses	179.6	179.7	+0.0
	Non-personnel Expenses	382.0	381.7	-0.2
	Energy	39.1	43.1	+3.9
	Maintenance	145.4	140.5	-4.9
	Others	197.3	198.0	+0.6
	Taxes other than Income Taxes	41.8	42.2	+0.3
	Depreciation & Amortization	198.6	193.4	-5.2
Operating Income		625.2	667.7	+42.4
Ordinary Income		547.6	590.1	+42.4
Ne	t Income	384.4	414.0	+29.6



Year-End Investor Meeting FY2019.3 (Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2019)

III. Performance Forecast for FY2020.3IV. Deployment of Key Measures



Executive Vice President and Representative Director,

Director General of the Corporate Planning Division

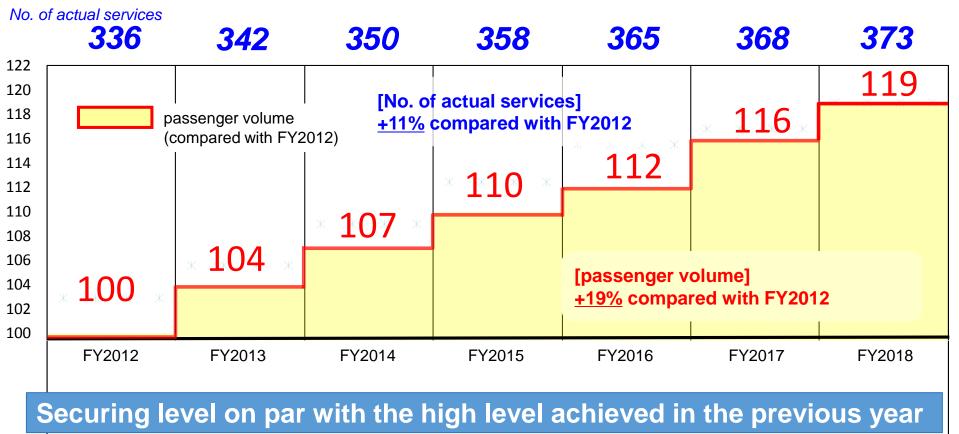
Yoshiki Suyama

Central Japan Railway Company April 26, 2019

Sound progress both in business and tourism

FY2018 Result: 103% year-on-year (Weekdays: 102%; Weekends/holidays: 104%*)

* Weekdays, weekends and holidays are compared based on average per day.

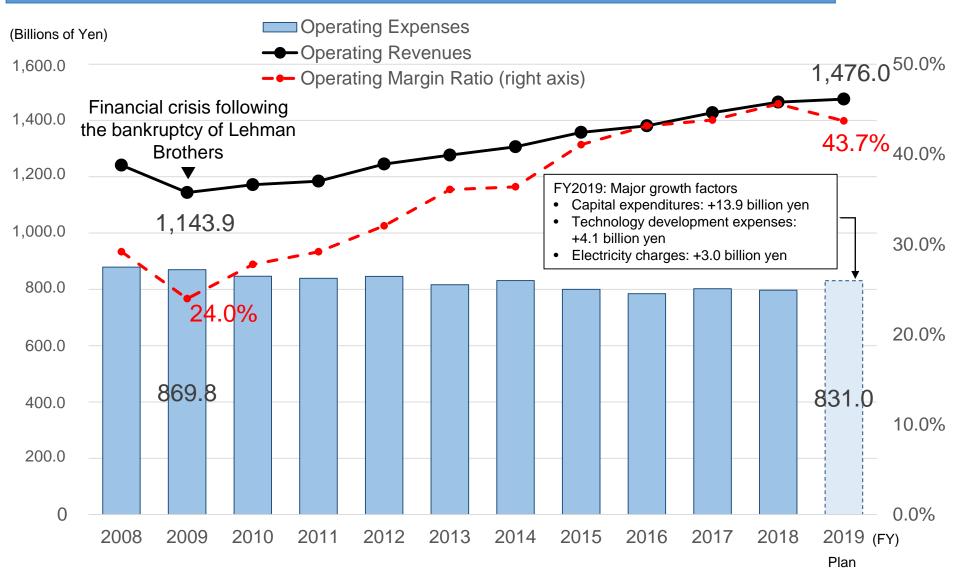


FY2019 Forecast: 100.7% year-on-year

		FY 2019.3 Results A	FY 2020.3 Forecast B	Changes (B-A)
Operating Revenues (Transportation Revenues)		1,464.8 (1,396.6)	1,476.0 (1,407.0)	+11.1 (+10.3)
Ор	erating Expenses	797.1	831.0	+33.8
	Personnel Expenses	179.7	178.0	-1.7
	Non-personnel Expenses	381.7	416.0	+34.2
	Energy	43.1	46.0	+2.8
	Maintenance	140.5	168.0	+27.4
	Others	198.0	202.0	+3.9
	Taxes other than Income Taxes	42.2	42.0	-0.2
	Depreciation & Amortization	193.4	195.0	+1.5
Operating Income		667.7	645.0	-22.7
Ordinary Income		590.1	568.0	-22.1
Net	t Income	414.0	399.0	-15.0

Operating Expenses (Non-consolidated)

Continue to strengthen our management base through low-cost and efficient business operations



	FY 2019.3 Results A	FY 2020.3 Forecast B	Changes (B-A)
Operating Revenues	1,878.1	1,891.0	+12.8
Transportation	1,461.3	1,471.0	+9.6
Merchandise and Other	264.9	270.0	+5.0
Real Estate	82.1	82.0	-0.1
Other	261.0	263.0	+1.9
Operating Expenses	1,168.3	1,215.0	+46.6
Operating Income	709.7	676.0	-33.7
Transportation	664.8	640.0	-24.8
Merchandise and Other	9.6	8.0	-1.6
Real Estate	20.2	20.0	-0.2
Other	16.1	9.0	-7.1
Non-operating Income (Loss)	-77.1	-77.0	+0.1
Ordinary Income	632.6	599.0	-33.6
Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	438.7	416.0	-22.7

^{*} Breakdown by segment is before offsetting transactions between segments. The total of the figures in the breakdown does not match Operating Revenues and Operating Income.

Ensuring Safe and Reliable Transportation

♦ Large-scale renovation

	3-year Plan		4-yea	r Plan		(Billions of Yen)
Fiscal Year	2013~2015 Results	2016 Results	2017 Results	2018 Results	2019 <u>Plan</u>	2020~
Investment results/plan	75.3	34.0	36.3	36.1	34.0	To be determined
of which, that posted to P&L	50.6	23.3	24.6	24.9	23.3	To be determined

◆ Installation of derailment prevention guards

Existing plan (646 km)

2009~2017 2018 2019 **Fiscal Year** 2020~2028 **Total** Results Results Plan Extension 427km 95km 98km 426km 1,072km of tracks 17.0 17.8 Investment Approx. 210.0 96.1 billion yen billion billion To be determined billion yen amount yen yen

^{*} The investment amount includes expenses for civil structure measures and deviation prevention stoppers.

N700S: Next-generation Shinkansen Vehicle

Be prepared for the launch of N700S as a replacement for the Series N700

Main

Features

Enhancement of safety and reliability

- Shortening of braking distance at the time of earthquake
- · Reinforcement of snow-resistant measures
- Enhancement of state-monitoring function

Improvement of comfort and convenience

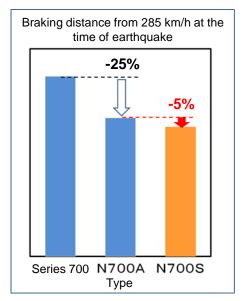
- Installation of a fully active damping control system
- Addition of outlets for each seat

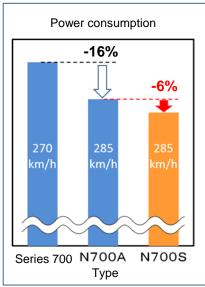
Strengthening of the coping capabilities in emergency

- Installation of battery-propelled running system
- Addition of security cameras
- Functional enhancement of intercom
- Securing toilet function at the time of power outage

Reduction of running costs

- Reduction of power consumption
- Labor saving in inspection/repair work





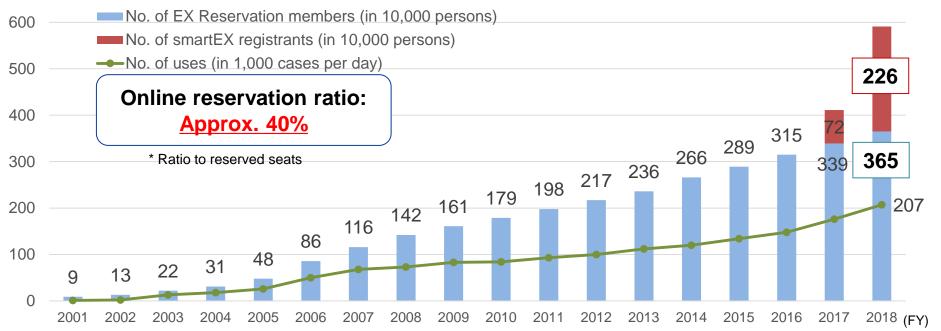
Use of battery-propelled running system
 Tunnel
 Even during long-term power outage due to events such as natural disasters,

a self-propelled running system enables the train to travel to places where the customers can evacuate, avoiding tunnels and bridges.

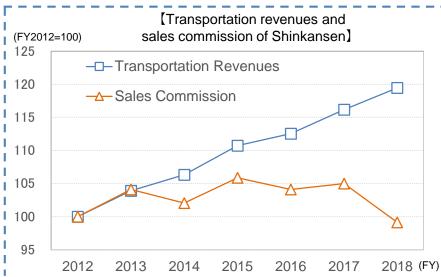
[FY2019 Test run using validation test vehicles]

- Long-term durability test
- Speed improvement test (360 km/h)
- Battery-propelled test run

Aiming for a more convenient and efficient sales system for the opening of Chuo Shinkansen



	Office	Travel	Ticket Office	Ticket Wicket
	Departure	_	Order, Reserve, Payment	Entry
Paper Ticket			JR全線をつぶうりは Shekases and JR Los Telets	Land de la land
	Order, Res	serve, Payment	_	Entry
EX-IC			No need to line up at a ticket office	



Consistent Promotion of Affiliated Businesses

Expand revenues via seamless operation of JR Central Towers and JR Gate Tower



[Key businesses at Gate Tower]

* Department stores, hotels, buildings

[JR Tokai Takashimaya]

Sales (total of 2 buildings):

162.7 billion yen (104.4% year-on-year)

[Hotel occupancy rate]

Gate Tower: 92.4% Marriott: 83.0%

[Building business]

Office tenants:

Almost full

[Impact on the performance of key businesses at Gate Tower]

	Results for FY2018	Forecast for FY2019
Operating Revenues (Consolidated)	Approx. 15.0 billion yen (increased by approx. 2.0 billion yen year-on-year)	Approx. 15.0 billion yen
Operating income (consolidated)	Approx. 2.0 billion yen	Approx. 3.0 billion yen

- Promote commercial development at Tokyo Station in preparation for the Tokyo 2020 Olympics and Paralympics
 - Double the commercial area, renovate souvenir shops, and build new cafes, etc.
 - Meet the diverse needs of customers by offering novel and popular products, etc.

Business scheduled to start in spring of 2020



Forward-looking statements and forecasts, etc. contained in this document are future prospects based on information available at the time of preparation of this document and include risks and uncertainties. Examples of latent risks and uncertainties include; economic conditions, business environment, consumer trends, status of competition between the Company and its subsidiaries and other firms. Changes, etc. to laws and regulations, etc. may also be cited.